MORBIDITY COLORECTAL SURGERY

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Complications of colorectal surgery

- Wound infection: 5-10%
- □ Intrabdominal abscess: 1-5%
- □ Anastomotic leak: 3-21%
- □ Ureteral injury: 1-2%
- □ Hernia: 15-20%
- □ Stricture: up to 20%
- Sexual dysfunction: 15-50% in APR (Males)

Complication of CRS

- □ Bowel obstruction: up to 16%
- □ Ileus: up to 20%
- Fistulas
- □ DVT: 3%
- □ Life threatening Postoperative bleeding: Rare

Common Causes of Post op bleeding

- Surgical technique
- Incomplete hemostasis
- Anticoagulation medication
- Coagulopathy
- Pelvic dissection

Intraoperative considerations

- Meticolous dissection within the avascular plane
- Avoid blunt finger dissection
- Avoid clamping and lifting bleeding vessels cause vascular injury
- Double check and triple check for hemostasis

Patterns of Postop bleeding

- Anastomotic bleeding from suture or staple lines
- Bleeding from specific vessel or group of vessels
- Suture displacement
- Inadequate occlusion by a suture
- latrogenic injuries (ex. Spleen laceration)
- Diffuse bleeding from raw surfaces is often the most challenging

Recognition of Postop bleeding

Clinical signs:

Hemodinamic instability

Hematocrit drop

Abdominal distention

Up to 70% of reexplorations were performed within 24hrs of 1ry surgery.

Take home message

- The decision to return to the OR should be based on whether the patient's estimated postopt blood loss exceeds the expectations of the operative surgeon [1]
- Reexploration is a judgment call.
- It is base on surgeon's experience. There is no definite criteria to determine when a patient should be explore due to ongoing intrabdominal bleeding.

Literature

- Surgical Hemorrhage, Damage control, and the Abdominal compartment syndrome. Kerry L. Hammond and David A. Margolin, Clinics in Colon and Rectal Surgery 2006 Nov; 188-194
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- ASCRS, Complications in Colorectal Surgery.

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